



Ever Popular. **CRAWFORD THEATER.** Ever Popular.  
If you want your money's worth in Amusement, this is the week to get it. Pay your money and take your choice.

Today Matinee, 2:30. Evening, 8:15.

Hal Reid's Beautiful Play.

**HUMAN HEARTS.**

11,200 Topeka people have seen and will endorse this famous play.  
First Floor, 2nd and 3rd; Gallery, 2c.  
Matinee prices: 2c, 5c, 10c.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,  
November 29-30.

**Gay Rhea**  
AND HER COMPANY OF PLAYERS  
IN REPERTOIRE.

**Francais de Yale--Friday, Dec. 2nd.**

**A \$7.00 BOOK OF EUGENE FIELD'S POEMS**  
to each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument. Subscribers will receive a copy of this handsome volume (richly bound) as a souvenir certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works, and is ready for delivery.  
But for the noble contribution of the greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than \$7.00.  
The fund created is divided equally between the family of the Eugene Field Monument and the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address: Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund, (Also at book stores) 180 Monroe St., Chicago.  
If you also wish to send postage enclose 10c. Mention State Journal as ad. is inserted as our contribution.

**M'KINLEY STANDS FIRM.**

There Will Be No Further Modification of Peace Terms.

Washington, Nov. 26.—A special meeting of the cabinet was held at 10 o'clock last night. All the members were with the president, except Secretary Long who was out of the city. The meeting was called by the president in order that his advisers might consider with him advice received from the American peace commissioners at Paris. It is understood that the advice related to counter proposals informally made to the American commissioners by the representatives on the commission of the Madrid government. At the conclusion of the meeting, which lasted only forty minutes, and was held in the parlors of the White House, Secretary of State Hay said to a representative of the Associated Press that the president had received some advice from Paris that he desired to lay before the cabinet and that he had called the members together to consider them. The nature of the advice Mr. Hay declined to discuss, as he said that was a matter which could not be gone into for publication at this time. He added, however, that after considering the contents of the dispatches the president had called the American commissioners re-stating his former instructions.

It is understood that one point, new in the negotiations thus far, was raised in the dispatch received by the president. It related to a modification of the terms of the propositions submitted to the Spanish commissioners a few days ago by the American commissioners, but in just what particular the proposed modification was to be made could not be ascertained. That the proposition was not accepted was made clear by the president calling to the American commissioners a reiteration of his former instructions. The American commissioners will insist that the demands of the United States as pre-

Monday Evening, Nov. 28

"Go see WILLIE COLLIER in 'The Man From Mexico,' and laugh until you can hardly see for the tears in your eyes."  
—Louisville-Courier Journal.

Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

Thursday Evening, Dec. 1

The legitimate comedians of the farcical stage, the real funny boys.

**MATTHEWS & BULGER.**

Under the direction of Dume and Ryley, in the New Rag Time Opera,

"By the Sad Sea Waves"

With all the resources of the comic opera stage, including scenery, costumes, and chorus, and with a company of 25 people.

**Nellie Hawthorne and Josie DeWitt**  
Prices—First Floor, 50c and \$1; Balcony, 30c and 50c; Gallery, 25c.

**Chronic Diarrhoea Cured.**

This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war. I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well.

J. R. GIBBS, Pinecastle, Va.  
I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me.

Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Pinecastle, Va. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place, who is well acquainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale by all druggists.

**Caticawampus.**

It has been suggested that "Slaughtering" was a western term, favoring of the wild and woolly, and as we are desirous of selling coal to the effect as well as taking some home now and then, we accept the suggestion and in accordance say caticawampus in a westerly direction across Eighth street, from the transfer station (N. W. corner of Eighth street), coal, feed and hay can be purchased. Your patronage appreciated and every effort made to please you.  
Green Feed & Fuel Co.  
F. H. WEBSTER, Agent.

We do mending and sew on buttons free of charge. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West Eighth street.

Collars and cuffs laundered to look like new, by Peerless Steam Laundry.

**Bruno, Washburn, Bay State Guitars and Mandolins.**  
The Finest Stock Ever Exhibited in the City.  
**W. F. Roehr, 630 Kansas Avenue.**

**PLANS FOR HAWAII.**

Territory to Be Governed Much as New Mexico Is.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—A Tribune special from Washington, D. C., says: Senator Cullom is preparing the report of the Hawaiian commission, and will submit it to the president for transmission to congress, so that it will be ready at the opening of the session. The senator declines to give details as to the character of the report. From other sources, it was learned that the report as finally drafted will provide for a partial continuance of the present government in the islands under direct federal supervision. There will be a senate of 15 members and a house of representatives of 25 members. There is an increase on the present house membership of Hawaii.

There will be graded qualification on the suffrage. Members of the house may be elected by voters who pass an educational test alone, while members of the senate will be chosen by voters possessing both educational and property qualifications. There is now a property qualification for voting in Hawaii, but the proposed federal government will reduce this somewhat so as to furnish an inducement for small holdings. There will be no property restrictions in regard to holding office, the qualifications for which will be closely defined. There will be no "open" states, by which the United States will be extended to the islands without alteration because Hawaii was formally annexed to the United States, by a treaty of the United States.

The immigration, labor and general election laws of the United States will be specifically extended to the islands, and the same will be extended to the islands.

The islands will be given a delegate in the house of representatives, who will have no vote but in the year which is to close the century.

The governor and some of the higher officials will be appointed by the president. The legislature will have considerable control over local taxation and expenditures but will keep under further control of educational and property lines will of course, reduce the number of voters to a point relatively far below the present organized territories.

**GOES INTO POLITICS.**

R. G. Dun & Co. Refers to "Sound Money" and the "Nation's Honor."

New York, Nov. 26.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Thanksgiving in 1898 means more than for thirty years. The "harvest home" has never recognized larger crops on the whole in this country, the general prosperity is attested by the largest volume of business ever recorded in history for swiftness of success with smallness of loss has brought more perfect union than ever between north and south, closer bonds than ever with "kin beyond the sea," ending with the most important increase of territory since California was added to the union. The year so exceptional in magnitude and varied in blessings draws near its end with yet another good gift, a marked increase of confidence in prospects for the year which is to close the century.

The industries are doing remarkably well considering hindrance until of late years. The bulk of the demand is for medium plain fabrics, especially serges and clays, but high grade goods are quiet. More is doing in dress goods but not enough for producers. Sales of

wool have been \$5,575,000 pounds for four weeks, including about 5,000,000 for export but mostly at concessions which have been this week a little increased on fine unwashed fleeces.

When the steel rail contract was ready for signature, withdrawal of one large company killed it but a working compact is nevertheless said to have been made, apparently a sort of "gentleman's agreement" in which more confidence is perhaps expressed than is felt. The market for bessemer grows stronger at Pittsburgh and grey force advance to \$2.25; billets at Pittsburgh are in heavy demand at \$15.25 and steel at \$16; the Edgar Thompson works have started on rails with three or four months orders ahead; Chicago works have booked further orders for plates including one for 1,500 tons and statements made by the Iron Age shows that bids for the 75,000 tons needed in the Cool Gardier pipe lines with other heavy export contracts are hindered only by an ocean freight syndicate.

Wheat has again advanced a shade though for spot only 4 cent during the week while western receipts are heavy, for four weeks have been 38,994,291 bushels against 29,119,104 last year. The Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 9,577,876 bushels for the week against 8,828,446 last year. Pacific exports 371,185 bushels against 1,626,955 last year, making for three weeks of over 13,642,000 bushels against 18,959 last year. While Atlantic shipments exceed last year's, a decrease from the Pacific affects this market but not the question of transportation.

It is probable that the western negroes will sail from Galveston and the eastern ones from Tampa.

Mr. Veney is now figuring on how to all the negroes to go to Cuba. He originated his plan to help this class and he wishes to aid as many of them as possible. The question of transportation is the principal one which now confronts him. He has secured a railroad rate of one cent per mile to the coast and he is now figuring on steamship transportation. It is probable that the western negroes will sail from Galveston and the eastern ones from Tampa.

Mr. Veney is in communication with some of the members of the Twenty-third Kansas and the reports he has received from them makes him feel his ground and confident that his plan will be a success.

**"YANKEE NEGROES."**

All Look Alike to Cubans and They Don't Want Them.

Santiago, Nov. 26.—El Porvenir prints a two column article with reference to the intention of a colored preacher at Topeka, Kan., to bring thirty families of negroes and establish a town in the highlands above Santiago which shall be known as Topeka. El Porvenir demands that the people boycott the Yankee negroes, asserting that they are frequently guilty of horrible crimes, and that the southern states, anxious to be rid of their colored population, will endeavor to send them to Cuba. It alludes to the San Luis episode, claiming that all Yankee negroes are on a par, and that they will ruin the country, as they are able to live on practically nothing.

The paper maintains that the Cubans have a right to regulate immigration into the island; that they object to the negroes and that they will not have them.

**CORBETT IS CRUSHED.**

He Denies the Accusation of a Fake Fight—Badly Broken Up.

New York, Nov. 26.—Pugilist Corbett left his house this morning and went to Considine's hotel, where he spent a full hour in answering inquiries about his health. The report that he was dead, Corbett denied.

"I am crushed," remarked the pugilist, "by this talk about a fake fight. It is cruel to make accusations without bringing proof. Why, if anything was wrong with me, there would be a leak somewhere. Some man would tell. They could prove it."

"They are simply pounding me. They want to denounce McVey. Well, let them show some evidence that he meant to do wrong. I don't believe that McVey was paid and won't turn against him. The man that is crying fake don't seem to remember that no crowd would go into a fight of that kind unless they had the referee fixed."

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**Nine Men Drowned.**

London, Nov. 26.—The local steamer Fitzjames, bound from this port for the coast of Africa, was foundered yesterday off Beachy Head, in the English channel, during a gale. Three of the crew were rescued. The remainder, numbering nine, were drowned.

**The Kasagi Reaches England.**

Shields, Eng., Nov. 26.—The second class protected cruiser Kasagi, built for Japan by the Krups, which left New York on November 5 for Newcastle, in order to ship her Armstrong guns, arrived here yesterday.

## VENEY'S COLONY.

The Topeka Colored Preacher Who is Organizing

Negro Colonists of the United States to Go

TO CUBA TO SETTLE.

Not Deterred by the Opposition of the Cubans.

Says the Cubans Have Been Misinformed, That's All.

Rev. John T. Veney, the Topeka colored man who is expecting to take a colony of colored people to settle near Santiago de Cuba, does not believe the reports regarding the opposition of the Spanish and native Cubans to his coming there with his colony. He acknowledges that there may be some opposition in Cuba, but he says that it all comes from the ex-southerners who have settled in Havana and other places and who are attempting to stir up public sentiment there against the negroes of the United States.

Mr. Veney believes that these ex-southerners are responsible in a great measure for the reports which have appeared in the papers regarding the opposition around Santiago to his colonization scheme.

"I do not wish to say very much about it," he said, "because the more the matter is stirred up the worse it will become. Our enemies are trying to create the impression down there that we intend to march down and take possession of the land. They need have no fear on that score. We expect to rent or lease our land from the Spaniards or Cubans, or whoever owns it, and we will pay a good fair rental for it. That is, the most of the colony will lease their lands until they accumulate enough to purchase them. Part of the colonists will have sufficient funds to purchase their farms as soon as we get there."

"I intend to take none with me but the better class of negroes—those who are good, law-abiding citizens. I want none of the other class. Take our colony as a whole and we will be able to carry on all the trades and employments. There are some mechanics and machinists in the number, but the most will be farmers."

Since the Journal published an account of Mr. Veney's scheme a few weeks ago the news has gone all over the United States. Mr. Veney is now almost daily in receipt of letters of inquiry from all parts of the country asking for information concerning his plan and if he can make arrangements to take a few more. He has now arranged to make his colony broader than he at first contemplated and will take in from both white and colored people.

Among the more prominent colored people from whom he has received letters of encouragement and requests to be allowed to join the expedition are C. M. Mickel, Chicago; James P. Martin, Des Moines, Iowa; Dr. May, Crescent City, Oklahoma; and J. Alice Hamilton, a teacher in Topeka, Kan. Some of the applicants have already visited Cuba and are acquainted with the conditions there.

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## SECRETARY OF STATE

Recovers Perfect Health by Use of Paine's Celery Compound.



When unsolicited testimonials are constantly received from men of such prominence as the distinguished citizen whose portrait is here printed—when among the thousands of letters received by the proprietors of Paine's celery compound there are to be found in almost every mail some from men and women of national reputation, it is easily understood why this remedy which makes people well has proven its remarkable efficacy among all classes of people.

No other remedy has the hearty approval of a like body of educated men and women and professional men, nor has there ever been a remedy that was welcomed in so many intelligent, prudent homes, where pains is taken to get only the best in so vital a matter. In such families all over the country Paine's celery compound is the first and only remedy used.

Prof. Phelps has studied the nerves in health and disease, when well nourished and when under-nourished. In men and women and children years before he looked for the remedy. Paine's celery compound is the outcome of his entire professional life. It is the one remedy that the world could not lose today at any price.

Paine's celery compound induces the body to take on solid flesh.

The ablest physicians universally prescribe Paine's celery compound wherever there is great need of a vigorous and prompt restoring of health and strength to the worn-out system.

Paine's celery compound brings about at once a healthful appetite, complete digestion, regular action of the bowels. Its use makes short work of disease. It readily drives out neuralgia, sleeplessness, dyspepsia and rheumatism from the system. It removes that lassitude, or "tired feeling," which betokens weak nerves and poor blood.

Writing from the executive department in the state capital at Topeka on February 1 last, Secretary of State W. E. Bush said briefly: "I have used Paine's celery compound and have found it to be of very great benefit to me."

And not only men, but more particularly the gentler sex have found this great remedy a blessing to them. Women working in close offices, saleswomen tired out and nervous from long hours standing on their feet and waiting on impatient, irritating customers; overworked, worried and disheartened men and women everywhere will be astonished to find how much happier life becomes when their nerves have been strengthened and their blood purified by means of this great remedy.

**TO DEAL WITH ANARCHY.**  
All European Nations Unite in a Conference at Rome.

Rome, Nov. 25.—The anti-anarchistic conference was opened in the Orsini palace by Vice Admiral Canavara, minister of foreign affairs. All the European nations were represented. In an address of welcome to the delegates on behalf of King Humbert, Admiral Canavara said he recognized the difficulties before the conference but the universal recognition of the necessity for common action against the anarchists presaged a happy issue.

Admiral Canavara was elected president. It is expected that the conference will be prolonged until Christmas.

**DINNER FOR SCHLEY.**

Given by the Brooklyn Club—He Makes a Speech.

New York, Nov. 26.—Rear Admiral

Winfield S. Schley was tendered a complimentary dinner in the Brooklyn club last night by its members. Covers were laid for 150. The club house and dining room were decorated with flags of all nations and potted plants and flowers.

Rear Admiral Schley was escorted to the club by Congressman Bennett, and he was accorded a hearty reception by the guests when he took his place at the guest's table along with Chauncey M. Depew, Benjamin F. Tracy, Colonel Foster and St. Clair McKelway.

Mr. McKelway acted as toastmaster and introduced the guest of the evening. When Admiral Schley rose to speak he was greeted with rollicking cheers, which were renewed at intervals during his telling of the destruction of Cervera's fleet. "It is a high tribute to my profession," he said, "to say that not one vessel of the Spanish fleet escaped us."

The other speakers were Chauncey M. Depew and Benjamin F. Tracy.

## A Poor Way to Treat Catarrh

Is to Rely Upon the Sprays, Washes, Etc.,

Which form the basis of many "methods" now so prevalent.

Such treatment might avail something if Catarrh was only a local irritation of the membranes. But the disease is not on the surface—the discomfiting irritation of the lining of the throat is not the disease itself, but simply a manifestation of it. Catarrh is a deep-seated, constitutional blood disease, and it is as easy to put out fire with a sheet of paper as to hope to cure it with local applications. Don't mistake temporary relief for benefit. Those who last season thought themselves benefited by this treatment will see their mistake as soon as the first chilling blast of winter is felt.

The sprays and washes prescribed by the doctors are of no temporary relief, and though I used them constantly for ten years, the disease had a firmer hold than ever. I was in a lamentable condition when I decided to try S. S. S. I at once began to improve, and after taking it for three months I was cured completely, the

dreadful disease was eradicated from my system, and I have had no return of it.

Miss Jessie Owen,  
Montpelier, Vt.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is the only cure for Catarrh, for it goes direct to the cause of the trouble—the blood—forcing the disease from the system. Those who have had Catarrh for any length of time know that each winter finds them more firmly in the grasp of the disease than before. Their experience teaches them that local treatment can do them no good.

A trial of S. S. S. will convince them that it is the proper remedy. If you are just feeling the first touch of this offensive disease, treatment promptly, for its severity increases each year; but be sure to begin right. If you treat only the surface, relying upon sprays, washes and inhalations, you may be sure that a mild case will be a bad one next year and a worse one the year later. Begin promptly to take S. S. S. and be cured.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

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